Code No: 21BA1T6

I MBA - I Semester Regular/ Supplementary Examinations FEBRUARY - 2024

MANAGERIAL COMMUNICATION

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. This question paper contains three Parts-A, Part-B and Part-C.

- 2. Part-A contains 8 short answer questions. Answer any <u>Five</u> Questions. Each Question carries 2 Marks.
- 3. Part-B contains 5 essay questions with an internal choice from each unit. Each Question carries 10 marks.
- 4. Part-C contains one Case Study for 10 Marks.
- 5. All parts of Question paper must be answered in one place

BL – Blooms Level

CO – Course Outcome

PART - A

		BL	CO
1. a)	Define Business Communication.	L1	CO1
1. b)	What is non-verbal communication?	L1	CO1
1. c)	Outline about intrapersonal communication.	L1	CO2
1. d)	List out the effective time management	L1	CO2
	strategies.		
1. e)	What is business correspondence?	L1	CO3
1. f)	Which arrangements are required for a meeting?		CO3
1. g)	What is special reporting?		CO4
1. h)	Describe the Informal Interview.	L1	CO5

PART – B

			BL	СО	Max. Marks
	<u>UNIT – I</u>				
2.	a)	What is communication and Demonstrate the characteristics of business communication.	L2	CO1	5 M
	b)	Discuss the various elements of the communication process.	L2	CO1	5 M
OR					

3.	a)	Briefly Explain the following	L2	CO1	5 M		
		i) Oral Communication					
		ii) Visual Communication					
	b)	Classify the listening skills. Also, discuss	L2	CO1	5 M		
		why listening is important.					
	UNIT – II						
4.	a)	Distinguish between Formal and Informal	L2	CO2	5 M		
		Communication.					
	b)	Illustrate the different models for Inter-	L3	CO2	5 M		
		personal Communication.					
		OR		,			
5.	a)	Illustrate the importance of Cross-Cultural	L3	CO2	5 M		
		Communication and the challenges faced					
		in Cross-Cultural Communication.					
	b)	Demonstrate your views on different	L3	CO2	5 M		
		communication styles.					
	UNIT-III						
6.	a)	Describe the essentials of effective	L2	CO3	5 M		
		business correspondence.					
	b)	Illustrate the body of a business letter.	L3	CO3	5 M		
		OR		,			
7.	a)	How can you determine whether a meeting	L3	CO3	5 M		
		is necessary, or if the same goals could be					
		achieved through other means of					
		communication?					
	b)	What is telephone communication and	L3	CO3	5 M		
		explain various key elements of effective					
		telephone communication.					
	<u>UNIT – IV</u>						
8.	a)	How can you ensure that your report is	L3	CO4	5 M		
		well-organized and follows a logical flow					
		of information from introduction to					
		conclusion?					
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	(b)	Interpret the significance of an executive	L3	CO4	5 M	
		summary in a report.				
	OR					
9.	a)	Define and differentiate between formal	L2	CO4	5 M	
		reports and informal reports.				
	b)	How can you create a professional	L3	CO3	5 M	
		proposal to win contracts or secure				
		funding from potential clients?				
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		$\overline{\mathbf{UNIT}} - \overline{\mathbf{V}}$				
10.	a)	Demonstrate the main types of	L3	CO5	5 M	
		presentations commonly used in business.				
	b)	Illustrate some common challenges or	L3	CO5	5 M	
		technical issues that participants might				
		encounter during a video conference.				
	OR					
11.	a)	Explain the importance of body language	L2	CO5	5 M	
		and non-verbal cues during interviews.				
	b)	Illustrate about communication etiquette	L3	CO5	5 M	
		and why is it important in professional				
		interactions?				
	<u> </u>	17.1				

PART –C

		BL	СО	Max. Marks
12.	Read the following case study and answer the below-mentioned questions: Mr. X. is a 77-year-old man who was admitted to the ICU, 12 days ago after surgery for a perforated ulcer. Within 48 hours of surgery, he developed some infection and remains ventilator-dependent. His surgical wound is not healing well. In the last several days, his creatinine has been rising and urine output has	L3	CO2	10 M

fallen. The surgeon visits daily before 7 AM but has not spoken directly to the family since day one when he reported that the surgery went well. admitting intensivist (now off service) spoke briefly to the family – the patient's wife of 60 years, and his adult son - on Day 3 of the ICU stay about the status at that time. A nephrologist who saw the patient yesterday told the wife that he had been consulted to provide dialysis. At today's ICU rounds, the current ICU attending predicted that the patient may die in the hospital, but this was not discussed with the family. The wife has asked several times for reassurance that her husband will ultimately be able to return home with her. The son, who often accompanies his mother during visiting hours, seems angry with the physicians caring for his father. An ICU family meeting attended by the ICU attending physician, the patient's designated nurse, the wife, and the son, is held to discuss goals of The family has been insisting that care. everything should be done.

- i) Discuss the case from the viewpoint of communication. What do you think the problem is? Examine the case in detail.
- ii) If you were asked to convene the meeting with the family, what would have been your communication strategies? What would you have suggested to the ICU people and to the family? Discuss in detail.